2011-2012 Fiscal Year

Lower Owens River Project

Work Plan, Budget, and Schedule

Prepared by Inyo County Water Department and Los Angeles Department of Water and Power February 3, 2011

The Inyo County Water Department and the Los Angeles Department of Water and Power jointly prepared this 2011-2012 Fiscal Year Lower Owens River Project Work plan. The Inyo County/Los Angeles Technical Group adopted this work plan on February 3, 2011. The Technical Group recommends that the Inyo County Board of Supervisors and the City of Los Angeles Board of Water and Power Commissioners or their designee approve the 2011-2012 Fiscal Year Lower Owens River Project Work plan.

Introduction

The Final Environmental Impact Report for the Lower Owens River Project (LORP) Section 2.2.1 provides that in December of each year, the Long-Term Water Agreement (LTWA) Technical Group will develop and adopt an annual work program for the LORP, which describes LORP work to be performed in the following fiscal year. This work program identifies who will perform or oversee tasks, a schedule, and a budget. This work plan and budget was prepared according to the Agreement Between the County of Inyo and City of Los Angeles Department of Water and Power Concerning Funding of the Lower Owens River Project (Funding Agreement) sections D, E, and F. Following adoption by the Technical Group, the work program will be submitted to the County and LADWP governing board for approval. Each governing board must approve the plan before this work plan and budget can be implemented it. This document is the work plan for fiscal year July 2011 – June 2012.

The objectives of this work plan are to maintain compliance with the July 11, 2007 Superior Court Stipulation and Order in case no. S1CVCV01-29768, conduct monitoring necessary to achieve the LORP goals described in the 1998 Memorandum of Understanding, maintain infrastructure necessary to the operation of the LORP, and implement adaptive management measures. The following priorities are observed in this work plan:

- 1. Work and activities required to maintain required flows in the river and required water supplies to other LORP components.
- 2. Maintenance associated with flow compliance monitoring and reporting associated with the above referenced Stipulation and Order.
- 3. Habitat and water quality monitoring described in the LORP Monitoring and Adaptive Management Plan, or required to comply with the requirements of the Lahontan Regional Water Quality Control Board.
- 4. The preparation of the LORP Annual Report as required by Section 2.10.4 of the LORP Final EIR and by Section L of the above referenced Stipulation and Order.
- 5. Other work or activities including the implementation of adaptive management measures.

Section 1 of this work plan covers the budget and schedule for maintenance, monitoring, mosquito abatement, weed management, salt cedar control, operations, and reporting activities. Weed management and Saltcedar control activities are identified but are funded under separate agreements and not budgeted under in this work plan. Section 2 of this work plan addresses adaptive management measures.

The budget amount reflects the additional costs above equal sharing of work by the parties and does not include the costs of Inyo and LA staff times where they offset.

Section 1. Maintenance and Monitoring Tasks

A. Inyo/LA Tasks The maintenance and monitoring portion of this work plan consists of seven categories of tasks: maintenance, hydrologic monitoring, biological/water quality monitoring, range monitoring, mosquito abatement, weed management, and salt cedar control.

<u>Maintenance</u>. Maintenance activities consist of cleaning sediment accumulations and other obstructions from water measurement facilities, cleaning sediment and aquatic vegetation from ditches, mowing ditch margins, fence repair, and adjustments to flow control structures. Estimates of the level of effort necessary for maintenance were based on the level of effort that was required during 2010 – 2011, with adjustments as required by section II.D of the Funding Agreement which allows that costs for maintenance of ditches, spillgates, and control structures that are above the baseline costs for facilities in the river corridor and Blackrock Waterfowl Management Area (BWMA) shall be shared. The estimated 2011-2012 costs for River corridor and BWMA facilities were \$86,104 and \$148,705 respectively, for an overall 2011-2012 operations and maintenance expenditure of \$234,809. This figure reduced by the combined CPI-adjusted baseline costs for the river corridor and BWMA facilities is \$105,703 (Table 6).

<u>Hydrologic Monitoring.</u> Hydrologic monitoring consists of monitoring, analyzing, and reporting river baseflows and seasonal habitat flows, the flooded extent of the Blackrock Waterfowl Management Area (BWMA), the levels of the Off-River Lakes and Ponds, and baseflows, pulse flows, and seasonal habitat flows to the Delta. Estimates of the level of effort required for hydrologic monitoring were based on the level of effort required during 2010–2011. Hydrologic monitoring costs are \$173,802 (Table 2).

Currently, the flooded acreage of the BWMA is being measured by walking the perimeter of the flooded area on foot with GPS eight times per year. Fieldwork is being jointly conducted by LADWP and Inyo County staffs, with analysis and reporting being conducted by hydrography staff.

<u>Biological/Water Quality Monitoring.</u> Biological and water quality monitoring is related to the tasks indicated in the Table 4.01 of the LORP Monitoring and Adaptive Management Plan (MAMP). The MAMP prescribes fewer monitoring tasks and a less intensive monitoring effort in calendar year 2011, than in last fiscal year's work plan. Note that in this year's work plan, baseflow compliance and Off-River Lakes and Ponds flooded extent are included under the Hydrologic Monitoring task and budget. Monitoring will be jointly conducted by Inyo and LA with the hours allocated by each agency given in the attached budget table (Table 3).

The MOU Consultant, will be involved with the seasonal habitat flow recommendation, seasonal habitat flooding extent, data analysis and reporting, and the annual report preparation including adaptive management recommendations (Table 4).

<u>Range Monitoring</u>. Range monitoring is related to the tasks described in section 4.6 of the MAMP. Two types of monitoring will take place that are directly related to the management of livestock grazing: irrigated pasture condition scoring and utilization trend. Irrigated pasture

condition scoring is a tool used by managers to systematically track the condition of irrigated pastures. Utilization monitoring tracks the amount of biomass removed from non-irrigated fields. Woody species recruitment monitoring was added in September 2010 in order to assess potential livestock influences on regeneration of desirable woody species. Range monitoring will be conducted by LADWP and is not a shared cost, and therefore not budgeted for in this work plan (Table 5).

<u>Mosquito Abatement</u>. For the fiscal year 2011–2012, the Owens Valley Mosquito Abatement Program (OVMAP) will continue a comprehensive Integrated Mosquito Management Plan (IMMP) when addressing the new and developing sources within the LORP in accordance with its mission of protecting public health. This IMMP consists of an expansion of currently used materials and methods for the surveillance and control of mosquitoes across the OVMAP boundary as well as contingency planning for late season flushing flows. The \$60,000 budget anticipates field surveillance of potential larval habitat for mosquito production, larviciding, pupaciding, adult mosquito surveillance with light traps, mosquito borne disease surveillance, and treatment for adult mosquitoes.

<u>Weed Control.</u> The Inyo/Mono Counties Agricultural Commissioner's Office receives funding from LADWP to control and eradicate several different invasive weed species both within the LORP boundaries, and in areas within the watershed that may serve as a seed source that could impact the LORP area. These invasive weed species include *Lepidium latifolium*, *Acroptilon repens, Cirsium arvense, Centaurea solstitialis, Centaurea maculosa*, and *Carderia draba*. These populations are managed using integrated pest management methods, including mechanical, chemical, and biological controls. Currently, there are 32 separate sites totaling 304 gross acres that Agricultural Commissioner's Office manages within the LORP boundaries.

Along with weed treatment activities, the Agricultural Commissioner's Office provides mapping and monitoring of these infestations from year to year. Information gathered includes net and gross acreage, species, location, and the date when the selected management activity was conducted. The Agricultural Commissioner's Office also provides outreach to the public that is specific to the weed issues threatening the LORP, through educational materials targeting recreationalists visiting the area, and responds to and interacts with the public regarding any new weed locations found within the LORP area. LORP weed control activities are funded through agreements outside of the LORP Annual Work Plan, and are therefore not included in the budget presented here.

<u>Saltcedar Control</u>. The County Water Department's saltcedar control program will concentrate on cutting tamarisk in the tributaries to the Lower Owens River channel and adjacent spreading basins. The purpose of working on the LORP is to reduce the likelihood of spreading saltcedar throughout the Owens River re-watered channel. A top priority for the salt cedar program will be to locate all river sites where tamarisk seedlings and resprouts were identified in the 2009 and the 2010 Rapid Assessment Surveys Accessible tamarisk will be removed by hand, or by cutting and treating with herbicide (where allowed). Additionally, work will begin to remove slash, created by years of cutting in the LORP area. Salt Cedar Control staff include: one permanent employee, one shared employee, and six seasonal field assistants that work on the salt cedar control program during the treatment season, October through April. The California Department of Forestry (CDF) work crews will assist in efforts to treat slash.

Monitoring and follow-up treatments by the Saltcedar Project Coordinator will occur during the balance of the year. LORP saltcedar control activities are funded through agreements outside of the LORP Annual Work Plan, and are therefore not included in the budget presented here.

Maintenance and Monitoring Tasks Budget

Table 6 summarizes the costs of monitoring for the fiscal year July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2012 and specifies the costs incurred by Inyo County, Los Angeles, and the cost of the MOU consultant.

Generally, there is an effort to have staff hours for Inyo County and LADWP offset one another for conducting the biologic and water quality monitoring. For 2010-2011, there are 234 total people days necessary to complete the proposed biological and water quality monitoring, of which LADWP has 6 more people days allocated than Inyo County at a cost of \$2,400. There is no offset of County for the Maintenance, Operations, or Hydrologic monitoring to be performed by LADWP. Additionally, LADWP has allocated 108 people days for Range Monitoring, which is not a shared monitoring cost. Based on this budget, Inyo is required to compensate Los Angeles \$48,278 for the differential in expenditures for Biologic and Water Quality, Maintenance, Operations, and Hydrologic monitoring. Subtracting the dollars Inyo County will spend during the fiscal year from the amount spent by LADWP, and dividing this figure by two obtains this figure.

LADWP and Inyo County will split the \$4,975 spent for the repair for water quality test equipment used in the LORP monitoring and studies.

Inyo County	Staff Work Days	Value of Additional Staff Time, Materials, and Equipment	Payments
Hydrologic Monitoring	0	0	
Bio and Water Quality	114	0	
Operations and Maintenance	0	0	
Mosquito Abatement		\$30,000	
MOU Consultant		\$180,384	
Biological Equipment Repair		\$4,975	
Adaptive Management	0	0	
Inyo County Totals	114	\$215,359	\$48,278*
LADWP			
Hydrologic Monitoring		\$173,802	
Biologic and Water Quality	120	\$2,400	
Operations and Maintenance		\$105,713	
Mosquito Abatement		\$30,000	
Adaptive Management	0	0	
LADWP Totals	120	\$311,915	
Combined Total	234	\$527,274	

Table 6. Summary 2010- 2011 Fiscal Year Monitoring and Adaptive Management Budget.

* ¹/₂ of the difference LADWP and Inyo County totals

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**Footnote to Table 6. Post Implementation Credit and Trust Account balances.

	Adjustment	Balance of Post-Imp Credit held by LADWP
Original Post Implementation Credit	\$2,253,033	\$2,253,033
Increase Post Imp Credit by 2.9% based on the July 2007 price Index	\$65,338	\$2,318,371
County's obligation for July 11, 2007 to June 30, 2008 period	\$243,524	\$2,074,847
Increase the remaining balance of the Post Implementation Credit by 5.7% based upon the July 2008 price index	\$118,266	\$2,193,113
County's obligation for 2008-2009 fiscal year	\$243,524	\$1,949,589
Reduce the remaining balance of the Post Implementation Credit by 1.3% based upon the April 2009 price index	\$25,345	\$1,924,244
County's share of the costs for the 2009-2010 work plan and budget, including adaptive management.	\$266,176	\$1,658,068
Increase the remaining balance of the Post Implementation Credit by 1.9% based upon the April 2010 price index effective July 10, 2010	\$25,465	\$1,683,533
County's share of the costs for the 2010-2011 work plan and budget, including adaptive management effective July 21, 2010.	\$317,805	\$1,365,728
County's share of the costs for the 2011-2012 work plan and budget, including adaptive management.	\$48,278	

The County's balance in the Post Imp Credit Account held by LADWP as of July 21, 2010 is <u>\$1,365,728</u>

The Trust account Balance for January 2011 is \$3,805,399.36.

B. Schedule

Table 7 provides a tentative schedule of key activities associated with the monitoring, maintenance and reporting for the Lower Owens River Project during the 2011 – 2012 Fiscal Year.

Period	Monitoring
Jul 8, 2011- Jul 15, 2011	BWMA Flooded Extent
Aug 1 - Aug 15, 2011	RAS
Aug 15 - Aug 22, 2011	BWMA Flooded Extent
Sept 1 - Sept 9, 2011	RAS Consultation with MOU Parties
Sept 1- Sept 30, 2011	Delta Pulse Flow
Sept 15 - Sept 22, 2011	BWMA Flooded Extent
Oct 1 - Oct 28, 2011	LADWP/Inyo Prepare Draft LORP Report
Oct 1 - Oct 28, 2011	Fiscal Year 2010-2011 Workplan and Budget Reconciliation
Oct 17 - Oct 24, 2011	BWMA Flooded Extent
October 31, 2011	Draft LORP Report transmitted to MOU Consultant
October 31, 2011	Transmittal of LORP Accounting Report to Governing Boards
Nov 1 - Nov 30, 2011	MOU Consultant review Draft LORP Report and Develop Recommendations
Nov 1 - Dec 31, 2011	Delta Pulse Flow
December 1, 2011	MOU Consultant transmit Adaptive Management Recommendations to Inyo/LA
December 1, 2011	Draft LORP Report transmitted to MOU Parties
Dec 1 - Dec 30, 2011	BWMA Avian Survey
December 20, 2011	Public Meeting for Draft LORP Report
2012	Fiscal Year 2012-2013 Workplan and Budget Development
Feb 1 - Feb 3, 2012	Technical Group Meeting to Adopt LORP Annual Report and 2012-2013 Fiscal Year Workplan and Budget
Feb 3 – Mar31, 2012	Transmittal of LORP Workplan, Budget, and Schedule to governing boards for approval
March 1 - May 31, 2012	Delta Pulse Flow
April 2 - May 15, 2012	BWMA Avian Survey
April 16 - April 20, 2012	BWMA Flooded Extent
May 14 - May 22, 2012	BWMA Flooded Extent
May 28 - June 4, 2012	BWMA Flooded Extent
May 15 - June 15, 2012	Seasonal Habitat Flow
June 1 - July 31, 2012	Delta Pulse Flow
Jun 1 -June 29, 2012	BWMA Avian Survey

Table 7. Tentative schedule of activities for 2011-2012 Fiscal Year

C. MOU Consultants

TASK 1 – Seasonal Habitat Flow

Seasonal habitat flows are prescribed to encourage a transition to riparian vegetation on the floodplains as well as manage channel sediments. The purpose of the habitat flow is to create a dynamic equilibrium for riparian habitat, fishery, water storage, water quality, animal migration, and biodiversity, which result in resilient productive ecological systems. Management actions are designed to achieve and maintain riparian habitats in a healthy ecological condition and establish a healthy warm water recreational fishery with habitat for native species. The LORP Monitoring and Adaptive Management Plan require the MOU consultants to recommend the annual seasonal habitat flow level to the Technical Committee based on the April runoff forecast. The river is then monitored during the flow period to evaluate adverse conditions, review of proposed flow schedule and development of independent review and recommendations.

During the Seasonal Habitat flow, the MOU consultant has to prepare for field observations, travel, and attend meetings with the Scientific Team to discuss the progress towards meeting the LORP objectives.

Deliverables:

Written recommendation for the Seasonal Habitat Flow based on the April runoff forecast.

Written evaluation to be included in the LORP Annual Report discussing conditions encountered during the seasonal habitat flow and progress towards meeting LORP objectives and any necessary adaptive management actions.

Budget:

Monitoring of Seasonal Habitat Flow	FY 2011-2012				
	Hours Rate Cost				
Labor Estimate:					
Principals	102	\$132	\$13,464		
Associates	24	\$87	\$2,088		
Administration	8	\$66	\$528		
Subtotal			\$16,080		

TASK 2 – Flooded Extent Evaluation

Monitoring of flooded extent, which is how much land area is inundated during seasonal habitat flows, is prescribed to inform managers about the effectiveness of seasonal habitat flows. Seasonal habitat flooding extent monitoring documents what habitats are being affected by the flooding. Determining the extent and duration of the flooded area enables managers to identify which vegetation communities are inundated and are being affected by the seasonal habitat flow. This assists in determining if the seasonal habitat flows are meeting the goals of the habitat and informs the adaptive management decision-making. The seasonal habitat flow is evaluated each year to estimate the extent of flooding on river landforms. The report for this work requires review and comment from the MOU consultant with assistance from the consultant's staff to verify mapping and estimates. Flood extent results are compared to results from other tasks to analyze effectiveness in meeting LORP goals. Fieldwork for this task is completed during the Seasonal Habitat Flow monitoring.

Deliverables:

Written evaluation to be included in the LORP Annual Report discussing conditions encountered during the seasonal habitat flow flooded extent monitoring and progress towards meeting LORP objectives and any necessary adaptive management actions.

Budget:

Flood Extent Evaluation	FY 2011-2012				
	Hours	Rate	Cost		
Labor Estimate:					
Principals	48	\$132	\$6,336		
Associates	64	\$87	\$5,568		
Administration	12	\$66	\$792		
Subtotal			\$12,696		

TASK 3 – Rapid Assessment Evaluation

Rapid Assessment Surveys (RAS) are conducted to document problems or potential management issues in LORP riverine-riparian area and provide qualitative project-level feedback regarding changes within the project area. Rapid Assessment Evaluation is performed on the river corridor, Blackrock Waterfowl Management Area, Off-River Lakes and Ponds and the Delta. LADWP and Inyo County staffs collect and processes field data, and perform data analysis, the results of which are captured in a draft RAS report. The LORP consultant reviews the RAS results to identify issues that require immediate action, and informs the MOU parties as required by the LORP Monitoring and Adaptive Management Plan. The MOU consultant will evaluate results for trends that influence monitoring and adaptive management recommendations for subsequent years.

Deliverables:

Written consultation with MOU Parties following completion of the RAS. Written evaluation to be included in the LORP Annual Report discussing conditions encountered during the RAS, progress towards meeting LORP objectives and any necessary adaptive management actions.

Budget:

Rapid Assessment		FY 2011-2012				
	-	Hours Rate Cost				
Labor Estimate:						
Principals		80	\$132	\$10,560		
Associates	-	48	\$87	\$4,176		
Administration		8	\$66	\$528		
Subtotal				\$15,264		

TASK 4 – Annual Report Evaluation

At the end of October, LADWP and ICWD forward the draft annual report to the MOU consultant. The MOU consultant will evaluate the annual report for completeness and accuracy. This requires reviewing each chapter and, in some cases, revaluating or re-estimating and verifying conclusions.

Deliverables:

Written evaluation to be included in the LORP Annual Report discussing the need for any contingency monitoring as well as discussion of progress towards meeting LORP objectives and any necessary adaptive management actions.

Budget:

Annual Report		FY 2011-2012				
		Hours Rate Cost				
Labor Estimate:						
Principals		160	\$132	\$21,120		
Associates	-	440	\$87	\$38,280		
Administration		40	\$66	\$2,640		
Subtotal				\$62,040		

TASK 5– Annual Adaptive Management Recommendations

Following review and evaluation of the draft annual report and consultation with LADWP and ICWD, a final chapter for adaptive management recommendations will be written for the final annual report and submission to the LORP Technical Committee. The MOU consultant will present the recommendations to the Technical Committee as required. This will require travel time and preparation time.

Deliverables:

Written evaluation of any necessary adaptive management actions as well as discussion of progress towards meeting LORP objectives.

Budget:

Adaptive Management Recommendations	FY 2011-2012				
	Hours Rate Cost				
Labor Estimate:					
Principals	120	\$132	\$15,840		
Associates	72	\$87	\$6,264		
Administration	12	\$66	\$792		
Subtotal			\$22,896		

TASK 6 – Project Management and Meetings

The MOU consultant will meet with LADWP and ICWD periodically to review progress or discuss issues. The MOU consultant will manage project assignments, schedules and budgets, provide monthly progress reports to LADWP, budget assessment and invoice each month. This task will require the MOU consultant to prepare for meetings, travel, and attend meetings with the Scientific Team and MOU Parties to discuss the progress towards meeting the LORP objectives.

Budget:

Project Management and Meetings		FY 2011-2012				
		Hours	Rate	Cost		
Labor Estimate:	-					
Principals		220	\$132	\$29,040		
Associates		56	\$87	\$4,872		
Administration		56	\$66	\$3,696		
Subtotal	-			\$37,608		
		FY 2011-2012				
EXPENSES		Hours	Rate	Cost		
Travel (Mileage						
\$0.56/mi)		10	\$780	\$7,800		
Lodging		30	\$125	\$3,750		
Per Diem		30	\$75	\$2,250		
Subtotal				\$13,800		
FY 2011-2012 TOTAL	-			\$180,384		

Section 2. Adaptive Management Measures

Chapter 12 of the 2010 LORP Annual Report details the adaptive management recommendations made by the MOU consultants. Three of the recommendations require expenditures that would be considered a shared cost that will need to be considered and budgeted by LADWP and Inyo County. These costs are not included in this workplan for the reasons described in the discussion for each recommendation.

River Flow Modeling

The MOU Consultants have recommended that a detailed report on possible flow alternatives be presented to the MOU parties prior to the 2011 seasonal habitat flows so that various management scenarios can be reviewed and discussed, and adaptive management recommendations for future flows can be agreed upon. This work requires the MOU consultant to develop digital terrain and river flow models for the LORP. LADWP supports this recommendation. Although it presently appears that the MOU goals for the LORP are on a trajectory to be acceptably met, LADWP staff is concerned that some issues may arise and are concerned that not conducting this modeling exercise will eliminate a potentially useful adaptive management tool. Inyo County argues that while such a study may provide useful information, empirical evidence obtained through monitoring the Seasonal Habitat Flow (200 CFS) demonstrates that raising the flow does nothing to reduce aquatic vegetation, or increase woody recruitment. Higher flows, and longer duration may accomplish these objectives, but LADWP has not indicated that they would accommodate greatly increased flows, or flow duration. Lower flows in the winter may provide some aquatic vegetation control, but this can be tested empirically, off-river.

Because the Technical Committee could not agree to this adaptive management study, this work plan does not include the modeling described above. This matter may be referred to the Inyo/Los Angeles Standing Committee to resolve this disagreement.

Thibaut Ponds

In their 2010 Adaptive Management Recommendations, the MOU Consultants recommended that LADWP complete an analysis of reasonable alternatives to determine if there is a more feasible method to regain and maintain 28 acres of open water surface in the Thibaut Ponds over the life of the project.

The Thibaut Ponds are a part of the Off River Lakes and Ponds component of the Lower Owens River Project and are contained within the boundary of the Thibaut Management Unit of the Blackrock Waterfowl Management Area. The acreage of the ponds was determined to be 28 acres which must be maintained separately from the total acreage flooded in the BWMA.

The ponds are supported by water from the Los Angeles Aqueduct through the east branch of the Thibaut Spillgate and are currently kept full of water to maintain a constant depth, and existing shoreline conditions are intended to be maintained. It was recognized in the LORP EIR that an increasing abundance of marsh vegetation could degrade the quality of the ponds for habitat. The Thibaut Ponds have now become too shallow to prevent emergent vegetation from taking over and are now choked with emergent vegetation which has eliminated nearly all of the open water which was a primary reason for the original Thibaut Pond project.

The Thibaut Ponds will be temporarily drained in order to assess feasible methods of regaining 28 acres of open water. The project will remain water neutral by adding 28 acres to the total area flooded in the BWMA and eliminating all surface water into the project area after April, 2011. It is anticipated that during the winter 2011-2012 that the Thibaut Unit of the BWMA will be burned in preparation of bringing it on line as one of the flooded units in 2012-2013. This will allow the pond area to be treated during the burn. Drying the pond area out during the summer will ensure that burn is thorough. After the burn, LA and Inyo will develop a plan for keeping the ponds as free of emergent vegetation as possible.

The work described above will not require any expenditure beyond normal operations and maintenance. Costs associated with future management actions will be incorporated in subsequent workplans as provided for in the LORP Post-Implementation funding agreement.

Salt Cedar Slash Treatment

The MOU Consultants have recommended changes to future salt cedar treatment protocols. Inyo County is presently working on a plan to address the concerns of both the MOU Consultants and LADWP. This plan is scheduled to be completed by the end of February 2011. Implementation of a jointly developed plan will begin with initiation of the fall 2011 salt cedar treatment period. Costs for implementing these changes are subject to other methods funding and are therefore not included in this workplan and budget.

Table 1. Operations and Maintenance Bud	lget						
	Labor type	Hours	Labor Rate	Total Labor Equiipment Type	Hours R	ate	Total Equipment
River							
Measuring Stations Maintenance (4 Stations)	Power Shovel Operator		153.12	11417.8 Mower	253.2	75.76	4196.24
	I ruck Driver/MCH			3 axel dump trucks			
	Operator			Gradall			
Spillestee and Dit-ba-	Building Repair Man			Backhoe and trailer			
Spiligates and Ditches				3/4 ton 4x4 pick- up			
Intake Spiligate Maintenance (3 days per year)	Duilding Densis Mar		07.50	1010 01 0/1 + 4-4	07		
	Building Repair Man	27	37.53	1013.31 3/4 ton 4x4 pick- up	27	5.77	155.79
Intake	2 - TTUCK DIIVER/IMCH	54	+ 33.14	1109.00 J/4 ton 4x4 pick- up	27	5.77	155.79
Mowing (3 days per year)	Operator		/ /0.74	1099 98 Mower	00E	10 71	2400 75
moming (o days per year)	1 - Truck Driver/MCH	21	40.74	1193 04 1 - 3 avel dump trucks	220	10.71	2409.75
Cleaning (3 days per year)		35	, 33.14 , 12.20	1168 83 Gradall	12 07	10.30 25.64	1101.30
cicaring (o days per year)	2 - Truck Driver/MCH	21	40.29 1 33.14	1789 56 2 - 3 avel dump trucks	∠1 70	20.04 15 38	1107 26
Thibaut Spillgate and Ditch		32	. 00.14		12	10.00	1107.30
Cleaning (4 days per vear)	Power Shovel Operator	36	43.29	1558.44 Gradall	36	25.64	923.04
	2 - Truck Driver/MCH	72	33 14	2386.08 2 - 3 axel dump trucks	72	15.38	1107.36
Independence Spillaate and Ditch		12	00.14		12	. 0.00	
Cleaning (4 days per year)	Operator	135	40.74	5499.9 Backhoe and trailer	135	14.66	1979 1
J	2 - Truck Driver/MCH	270) 33.14	8947.8 2 - 3 axel dump trucks	270	15.38	4152.6
Locust Spillgate and Ditch	-				-		
Cleaning (5 days per year)	Power Shovel Operator	45	i 43.29	1948.05 Gradall	45	25.64	1153.8
	Operator	45	6 40.74	1833.3 Backhoe and trailer	45	14.66	659.7
	1 - Truck Driver/MCH	45	33.14	1491.3 1 - 3 axel dump trucks	45	15.38	692.1
Georges Ditch				• • • •			
Cleaning (5 days per year)	Power Shovel Operator	45	i 43.29	1948.05 Gradall	45	25.64	1153.8
	Operator	45	i 40.74	1833.3 Backhoe and trailer	45	14.66	659.7
	1 - Truck Driver/MCH	45	33.14	1491.3 1 - 3 axel dump trucks	45	15.38	692.1
Alabama Spillgate							
Cleaning (6 days per year)	Power Shovel Operator	54	43.29	2337.66 Gradall	54	25.64	1384.56
	3 - Truck Driver/MCH	162	33.14	5368.68 3 - 3 axel dump trucks	162	15.38	2491.56
Delta							
Delta Spillgate Maintenance (3 days per year)							
	Building Repair Man	27	37.53	1013.31 3/4 ton 4x4 pick- up	27	5.77	155.79
_ · - ·	2 - Truck Driver/MCH	54	33.14	1789.56 3/4 ton 4x4 pick- up	27	5.77	155.79
River Sub-Tota	31			\$58,918.81			\$27,185.57
Diackrock waterrowi Management Area							
	Operator			0466 E Manage	005	40 74	0.400
wowing (∠o days per year)	Operator	225	40.74		225	10.71	2409.75
Cleaning (10 days per year)	2 - HUCK DIIVER/IVICH	45(v 33.14	14913 2 - 3 axel dump trucks	450	15.38	6921
oreaning (To days per year)	2 - Truck Driver/MCU	90	→ 43.29	8047 8 2 - 3 aval dump truste	90	∠0.04 15.00	2307.6
Goose Lake to River Ditch	2 - THUCK DIIVEI/IVICH	2/(33.14	0041.0 2 - 5 axel dump lidCKS	270	10.36	4152.0
Cleaning (5 days per year)	Operator	A 6	40.74	1833 3 Backhoe and trailer	15	1/ 66	650 7
ologing (o days per year)	1 - Truck Driver/MCH	4:	32.14	1491 3 1 - 3 avel dumo trucke	40	15 38	6039.7 602 1
Patrol and Flow Changes (260 days per year)	Aqueduct and Reservouir K	2080	33.14	68931 2 3/4 ton 4x4 nick- up	2080	5 77	12001 6
Maitenance	. quesaux and Nootroull N	2000	. 00.14	0000 HZ 0/4 10H 4A4 pick- up	2000	5.11	12001.0
Fence (10 days per vear)	Building Repair Man	ar	37 53	3377.7 3/4 ton 4x4 nick- up	90	5 77	519 3
	2 - Truck Driver/MCH	180	33 14	5965.2 3/4 ton 4x4 pick- up	90	5.77	519 3
LORP Operations Sub-Tota	1	10(00.14	\$118,522		0.11	\$30.183
River Tota	\$86.104.38						,
	\$148,705						
Total O and M	\$234,809			CPI Adjusted O and M			\$105,713.04
Basline Costs (described in Post -Imp)		River	BWMA				
	Baseline CPI adjustment	\$60,819.00	\$67,380.00				

January 2011 0.7% \$61,244.73 \$67,851.66

					Total Estimated
			Predicted Labor Cost		Cost July 1,
		2010-2011 Predicted	from July 1, 2010	Estimated Equipment Cost July	2010 through
	Per Day Pay	Person days	through June 30, 2011	1, 2010 through June 30, 2011	June 30, 2011
RIVER					
Base Flow Compliance Monitoring					
Hydro	\$328	100	\$32,800	\$4,000	\$36,800
Engineering	\$409	20	\$8,180	\$0	\$8,180
Seasonal Habitat Flow Monitoring					
Hydro	\$328	46	\$15,088	\$1,840	\$16,928
Data analysis					
Hydro	\$328	18	\$5,904	\$0	\$5,904
Reporting					
Hydro	\$328	17	\$5,576	\$680	\$6,256
Engineering	\$409	75	\$30,675	\$0	\$30,675
BLACK ROCK WATERFOWL AREA					
Monitoring					
Hydro	\$328	59	\$19,352	\$2,360	\$21,712
Engineering	\$409	3	\$1,227	\$0	\$1,227
Data analysis					
Hydro	\$328	15	\$4,920	\$0	\$4,920
Engineering	\$409	21	\$8,589	\$0	\$8,589
Reporting					
Hydro	\$328	10	\$3,280	\$0	\$3,280
Engineering	\$409	36	\$14,724	\$0	\$14,724
OFF RIVER LAKES AND PONDS					
Lake Level Monitoring					
Hydro	\$328	10	\$3,280	\$400	\$3,680
Data analysis					
Hvdro	\$328	3	\$984	\$0	\$984
Reporting					
Hydro	\$328	4	\$1,312	\$0	\$1,312
Engineering	\$409	11	\$4,499	\$0	\$4,499
DELTĂ					. ,
Flow Monitoring					
Hvdro	\$328	5	\$1.640	\$200	\$1.840
Data analysis					· /
Hvdro	\$328	1	\$328	\$0	\$328
Reporting		-	,		,
Hvdro	\$328	1	\$328	\$0	\$328
Enaineerina	\$409	4	\$1.636	\$0	\$1,636
gg	\$ 188		ψ1,000	ΨŬ	ψ1,000

Table 2. Hydrolgic Monitoring Budget

Total Hydro Budget \$173,802

Pielegie and Water Quality:	Organization/Class	Dave	Invo Dovo	
	organization/Class	Days	myo Days	LA Days
River Depid Accessment Survey		40		40
Rapid Assessment Survey	LA/WRS-B	10		10
	LA/WRS-C	0	50	
	IC/RESASST	52	52	
		9	9	05
Seasonal Habitat Flow	LA/WRS-B	10		25
	LA/WRS-C	15		
Habitat Flow Flooding extent	LA/WRS-B	10		15
	LA/WRS-C	5		
Analysis and Reporting	LA/WRS-B	9		20
	IC/LORP	5	5	
	IC/GIS	13	13	
Total Days		138	79	70
Blackrock				
Waterfowl Area Acreage	LA/WRS-B	8		8
	LA/WRS-C	8		8
	IC/RESASST	8	8	
	IC/LORP	8	8	
Rapid Assessment Survey	LA/WRS-C	4		4
Indicator Species Surveys	LA/WRS-B	8	4	4
Data Analysis and Reporting	LA/WRS-B	6		6
Total Days		50	20	30
Delta				
Rapid Assessment Survey	LA/WRS-B	1		1
Analysis and Reporting	LA/WRS-B	2		2
Total Days		3	0	3
Off-River Lakes and Ponds				
Rapid Assessment Survey	LA/WRS-C	1		1
Analysis and Reporting	LA/WRS-B	1		1
Total Days		2	0	2
Annual Report Preparation				
Report preparation	LA/WRS-B	15	15	15
	IC/LORP	15		
Total Days		30	15	15
		234	114	120
Additional LADWP days				
6				
Daily Rate				
348				
Equipment 340	1			
52				
	1			
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ຈາ,200.00	1			

Table 4. Ecosys	stem Sciences	Budget.
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Labor Estimate	FY 2011-2012					
Monitoring of Seasonal Habitat Flow	Hours	Rate	Cost			
Principals	102	\$132	\$13,464			
Associates	24	\$87	\$2,088			
Administration	8	\$66	\$528			
Subtotal		-	\$16,080			
Flood Extent Evaluation						
Principals	48	\$132	\$6,336			
Associates	64	\$87	\$5,568			
Administration	12	\$66	\$792			
Subtotal		-	\$12,696			
Rapid Assessment			-			
Principals	80	\$132	\$10,560			
Associates	48	\$87	\$4,176			
Administration	8	\$66	\$528			
Subtotal			\$15,264			
Annual Report						
Principals	160	\$132	\$21,120			
Associates	440	\$87	\$38,280			
Administration	40	\$66	\$2,640			
Subtotal			\$62,040			
Adaptive Management Recommendations			•			
Principals	120	\$132	\$15,840			
Associates	72	\$87	\$6,264			
Administration	12	\$66	\$792			
Subtotal		-	\$22,896			
Project Management and Meetings			• · ·			
Principals	220	\$132	\$29,040			
Associates	56	\$87	\$4,872			
Administration	56	\$66	\$3,696			
Subtotal		-	\$37,608			
Total Labor						
Principals	770	\$132	\$101,640			
Associates	704	\$87	\$61,248			
Administration	136	\$66	\$8,976			
Subtotal		<u>.</u>	\$166,584			
EXPENSES						
Travel (Mileage 1500/trip @ \$0.52-\$0.56/mi)	10	\$780	\$7,800			
Lodging	30	\$125	\$3,750			
Per Diem	30	\$75	\$2,250			
Subtotal			\$13,800			
ANNUAL TOTAL			\$180,384			

Table 5. Range Monitoring	
Task	People Days
Utilization	45
Irrigated Pasture Condition	1
Woody Recruitment	32
Analysis and Reporting	30
Total	108

Reference for Tables 1 and 6

Energy prices jumped 7.5 percent over the year, strongly influenced by a 10.8 percent increase in gasoline prices. From a year ago, electricity prices were up 2.6 percent, but natural gas service prices moved down 0.6 percent.

All items less food and energy

The index for all items less food and energy decreased 0.1 percent from a month ago. Among the index components, decreases were recorded for apparel (-2.0 percent), recreation (-0.4 percent), and shelter (-0.2 percent.) By contrast, higher prices were recorded for education and communication (1.1 percent), other goods and services (0.8 percent), and medical care (0.1 percent).

Over the year, the index for all items less food and energy advanced 0.5 percent. Prices increased for education and communication (5.1 percent), other goods and services (4.1 percent), medical care (2.7 percent), and shelter (0.4 percent). In contrast, lower prices were recorded for recreation (-5.7 percent) and apparel (-2.9 percent).

	2005		2006	2007	2008		2009		2010			
Month	Monthly	Annual										
January	0.1	3.7	1.0	5,4	0.9	3.2	0.7	3.9	0.5	-0.1	0.4	1.8
February	1.0	3.8	0.7	5.1	1.0	3.5	0.2	3.1	0.3	0.0	0.0	1.4
March	0.9	-4.0	0.5	4,7	0.8	3.8	1.0	3.3	0.0	-1.0	0.4	1.9
April	1.0	4.8	1.0	4.7	0.6	3.5	0.5	3.1	0.1	-1.3	0.2	1.9
May	0.2	4.2	0,9	5.4	0.3	2.9	0.9	3,7	0.4	-1.8	0.2	1.8
June	-0.4	3.6	-0.6	5.2	-0.6	2.9	1.1	5.4	0.6	-2.2	-0.2	0.9
July	0.3	4.1	0.1	5.0	0.1	2.9	0.4	5.7	0.0	-2.6	0.1	0.9
August	0.8	5.2	0.2	4.3	-0.1	2.6	-0.6	5.1	0.2	-1.7	0.2	0.8
September	1.3	5.8	0.5	3.4	0.2	2.3	-0.5	4.5	0.3	-1.0	-0.1	-0.4
October	0.5	5.4	-0.7	2.2	0.5	3.5	-0.6	3.4	0.0	-0.4	0.3	0.7
November	-0.6	4.4	-0.1	2.7	0.6	4.2	-1.7	1.0	-0.4	0.9	-0.4	0.7
December	-0.8	4.5	-0.2	3.3	-0.3	4.2	-1.2	0.1	-0.3	1.8	0.3	1.3

Table A. Los Angeles-Riverside-Orange County CPI-U monthly and annual percent changes (not seasonally adjusted)

CPI-W

In December, the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W) was 219.619, up 0.4 percent. The CPI-W increased 1.6 percent over the year.

The January 2011 Consumer Price Index for Los Angeles-Riverside-Orange County is scheduled to be released on February 17th, 2011, at 10:00 a.m. (PST).

Technical Note